

112年公務人員特種考試警察人員、一般警察人員、國家安全局國家安全情報人員考試及112年特種考試交通事業鐵路人員、退除役軍人轉任公務人員考試試題

考試別：警察人員考試

等別：四等考試

類科組別：水上警察人員輪機組、水上警察人員航海組

科目：中華民國憲法與水上警察專業英文

考試時間：1 小時

座號：_____

※注意：(一)本試題為單一選擇題，請選出一個正確或最適當答案。

(二)本科目共 50 題，每題 2 分，須用 2B 鉛筆 在試卡上依題號清楚劃記，於本試題上作答者，不予計分。

(三)禁止使用電子計算器。

- 1 依憲法及增修條文規定，關於社會安全之敘述，下列何者錯誤？
(A)國家為謀社會福利，應實施社會保險制度
(B)國家應普遍推行衛生保健事業
(C)國家應促進現代和傳統醫藥之研究發展
(D)國家對於失業者，應予以適當之工作機會
- 2 依憲法增修條文規定，總統行使之職權，下列何者須經副署？
(A)任命行政院院長 (B)解散立法院 (C)提名司法院大法官 (D)發布緊急命令
- 3 關於法治國家原則，下列何者錯誤？
(A)國家主權屬於國民全體
(B)憲法雖未明文規定法治國家原則，但仍為我國憲法之基本原則
(C)法治國家原則構成修憲界限
(D)法律明確性原則亦屬法治國家原則
- 4 憲法第 15 條保障生存權之內涵，不包括下列何者？
(A)自由權 (B)社會權 (C)受益權 (D)參政權
- 5 依司法院釋字第 436 號解釋，原軍事審判法剝奪被告任何上訴到普通法院之機會，被告之何種基本權可能受到侵害？
(A)人身自由權與訴訟權 (B)隱私權與人身自由權
(C)工作權與訴訟權 (D)訴訟權與服公職之權利
- 6 關於平等原則，下列敘述何者錯誤？
(A)平等原則保障人民在法律上地位之實質平等
(B)平等原則並不禁止差別待遇，只要有正當理由
(C)平等原則拘束所有國家機關
(D)憲法上關於選舉之婦女保障名額的規定，違反平等原則
- 7 依司法院釋字第 577 號及第 794 號解釋意旨，立法限制商業言論時，應符合如何之標準，方屬合憲？
(A)目的須正當，手段與目的間須具有合理關聯
(B)目的須重要，手段與目的間須具有實質關聯
(C)目的須特別重要，手段與目的間須具有直接及絕對必要關聯
(D)目的須重要，手段與目的間須具有合理關聯
- 8 下列何者不涉及國家對憲法宗教信仰自由之限制？
(A)依據法律規定，教會神職人員必須具有經主管機關核備之神學院學士以上學位
(B)神壇未辦妥財團法人或寺廟登記者，即不適用法律給予宗教團體之土地稅優惠
(C)公立學校規定，校內平安早禱會缺席兩次之學生，記大過一次
(D)文化部公告，以外文傳述宗教經典之宗教團體，不得申請文化獎勵金補助
- 9 依司法院釋字第 560 號解釋見解，關於外國人眷屬在勞工保險條例實施區域以外發生死亡事故者，限制其不得請領喪葬津貼之規定，可能涉及下列何種基本權之限制？
(A)平等權及財產權 (B)工作權 (C)訴訟權 (D)婚姻自由

- 10 下列何者非屬憲法第 15 條財產權保障之範圍？
(A)所有權 (B)公務人員退休金請求權
(C)祭祀公業之派下權 (D)公職人員之參選資格
- 11 計程車駕駛人因違反道路交通管理處罰條例及道路交通安全規則之規定，受吊銷駕駛執照處分時，應同時吊銷其執有之各級車類駕駛執照。依司法院釋字第 749 號解釋，下列何者錯誤？
(A)限制工作權，與憲法第 15 條之意旨有違
(B)剝奪人民駕駛汽車之自由，與憲法第 22 條保障人民一般行為自由之意旨有違
(C)顯逾達成目的之必要程度，不符憲法第 23 條比例原則
(D)為達到禁業三年之效果，吊銷駕駛執照者，三年內不得考領駕駛執照之規定合憲
- 12 下列何者不屬於憲法所規定人民的義務？
(A)納稅 (B)服兵役 (C)受國民教育 (D)參加全民健保
- 13 依釋字第 728 號解釋意旨，祭祀公業規約之締結及內容，涉及下列何種憲法權利？
(A)契約自由及私法自治 (B)居住及遷徙自由 (C)人身自由及財產權 (D)平等權及生存權
- 14 下列何者基本權利，非源自於憲法第 22 條之保障？
(A)人民免於身心傷害之身體權 (B)生活私密領域不受侵擾之自由
(C)個人資料自主權 (D)以廣播及電視方式表達意見之自由
- 15 下列何種情形，得聲請統一解釋法律或命令？
(A)經濟部就適用礦業法所持之見解，與行政院訴願審議委員會於訴願決定所已表示之見解有異
(B)教育部擬變更大學校長遴選相關辦法，認有牴觸大學法之疑義
(C)人民就合併請求賠償事件，認最高行政法院確定終局裁判適用法律之見解，與最高法院適用同一法律之見解有異
(D)人民提起行政訴訟，因最高行政法院變更先前見解，認其訴訟權受到侵害
- 16 下列何者非憲法本文基本國策章規定之內容？
(A)促進傳統醫藥之研究發展
(B)促成農業之工業化
(C)各級政府應廣設獎學金名額，以扶助學行俱優無力升學之學生
(D)教育、科學、文化之經費，在中央不得少於其預算總額百分之十五
- 17 總統如果在任內死亡，這在憲法上之意義為何？
(A)總統缺位 (B)總統因故不能視事 (C)總統解職 (D)總統卸任
- 18 依據我國現行的憲法規範與實踐，關於「行政院組織」的敘述下列何者正確？
(A)行政院院長、副院長，毋須經過立法院同意，由總統逕行提名任命之
(B)立法者應受中央行政機關組織基準法之拘束，不得另行制定單獨的組織法
(C)立法院立法設置獨立機關，破壞行政一體及責任政治，侵害行政權核心領域
(D)基於民主與權力分立原則，立法院得立法明定行政院各級機關之設置與組織
- 19 依據我國的憲法規範與實務見解，立法委員在開院會時，不得向下列何人提出質詢？
(A)行政院院長 (B)檢察總長 (C)文化部部長 (D)大陸委員會主任委員
- 20 關於立法委員之逮捕或拘禁，下列敘述何者錯誤？
(A)若立法委員是現行犯，隨時可以逮捕或拘禁
(B)在會期中，逮捕或拘禁立法委員，須經立法院許可
(C)不在會期中，逮捕或拘禁立法委員沒有特別限制
(D)臨時會會期中，逮捕或拘禁立法委員沒有特別限制
- 21 依憲法增修條文，關於考試院之組織，下列敘述何者錯誤？
(A)憲法沒有明文規定考試委員人數，委由法律定之
(B)考試委員由總統提名，經立法院同意任命之
(C)考試院為合議制機關
(D)考試院會議以院長、副院長及考試委員組織之
- 22 依據憲法訴訟法規定，下列何者應行言詞辯論？
(A)違憲政黨解散案件 (B)人民聲請案件 (C)國家機關聲請案件 (D)統一解釋

- 23 有關司法院釋字第 530 號解釋，下列敘述何者錯誤？
(A) 依憲法第 80 條規定，法官之身分或職位不因審判之結果而受影響
(B) 除大法官之職權外，司法院本身僅具最高司法行政機關之地位
(C) 本於司法自主性，最高司法機關就審理事項有發布規則之權
(D) 最高司法機關不得提供有權解釋之資料或司法實務上之見解，作為所屬司法機關人員執行職務之依據
- 24 依大法官相關解釋及憲法訴訟法，下列何者不得為人民聲請釋憲之客體？
(A) 行政機關依其職掌就有關法規所為函釋 (B) 高等法院座談會結論
(C) 懲戒法院確定判決 (D) 緊急命令執行要點
- 25 下列何者未侵害地方財政自主權？
(A) 縣政府代替其下轄之鄉鎮市編製預算
(B) 以法律規定使地方政府負擔當地軍事設施之改建經費
(C) 針對區段徵收範圍內必要之管線工程所需工程費用，中央機關得逕以行政命令規定需用土地之地方政府應分擔之費用
(D) 以法律規定規範地方政府對於行政規費或使用規費之徵收
- 26 The pilot training should include discussion of the _____ benefits and limitations associated with Portable Pilot Units.
(A) potent (B) potential (C) potable (D) postulant
- 27 Pilot organizations deploying a Portable Pilot Unit should make sure the systems they use are _____ in good working order.
(A) prevented (B) protracted (C) maintained (D) manipulated
- 28 The public interest is best served by a fully regulated and _____ pilotage service free of commercial pressure.
(A) dilated (B) cohesive (C) contentious (D) cohabitant
- 29 Taiwan Coast Guard Administration found 16 bodies in _____ and coastal areas of western Taiwan during maritime operations conducted in March.
(A) offertory (B) offshore (C) shield (D) shorelight
- 30 According to the Taiwan Coast Guard Administration, there were no _____ activities identified by the coastal radar in the reported time period.
(A) suspensory (B) suspirational (C) suspenseful (D) suspicious
- 31 According to the recent news, Taiwan's new Chiayi-class patrol vessel has a 5044-ton _____, capable of withstanding Class 10 winds.
(A) replacement (B) reparation (C) displacement (D) distillation
- 32 The new Chiayi-class patrol vessel has a helipad and a _____ which make it possible to operate helicopters.
(A) hanger (B) handgrip (C) hangover (D) hangar
- 33 It may be advisable for pilots to carry spare batteries, power cords, or other _____ equipment as needed during navigation.
(A) ancillary (B) antecedent (C) analeptic (D) anaclastic
- 34 Proper maintenance of a ship could reduce _____ or even failure of the machinery.
(A) demarcation (B) deliberation (C) delinquency (D) degradation
- 35 Vessel upkeep must follow all safety and prevention regulations, which helps to achieve _____ reliability across all systems.
(A) optimistic (B) oppositional (C) opposite (D) optimal
- 36 The minimum _____ is how much water your boat needs to avoid running aground.
(A) drag (B) draft (C) drouth (D) drought
- 37 In spite of the abundance of _____ electronic navigational aids available today, the human factor is still a major obstacle to safe navigation.
(A) solemn (B) sophisticated (C) soporific (D) sottish
- 38 Emergency completed the _____ of 161 people rescued from a sinking ship near Sicily.
(A) discontinuation (B) dissatisfaction (C) dislocation (D) disembarkation
- 39 The _____ of Australian rock lobsters through Taiwan into China has become rampant as a result of China's banning on Australian lobsters.
(A) fishing (B) trafficking (C) inspecting (D) smuggling
- 40 Crew managed to safely board the rescued ones and brought them to a nearby port where they were transferred to custody as per procedure. It means the coastal guards' duty involving _____.
(A) Illegal entry (B) homicide investigation
(C) fishing supervision (D) Maritime navigation

請依下文回答第 41 題至第 45 題

Like the Navy, the US Coast Guard has mission commitments that span the globe. Its newest cutter classes deliver greatly improved capability, which should translate to a commensurate leap in the Coast Guard's ability to fulfill overseas missions. 41, unlike the Navy, the Coast Guard lacks the robust network of overseas bases and fleet of auxiliary ships to support forward-deployed forces. Cutters also tend to operate independently rather than in groups, and so often they must rely solely on 42 is on board when something goes wrong. For the Coast Guard to fulfill the increasing demand for presence around the world and fully realize the potential of its modernized fleet, the current expeditionary logistics model needs to evolve. Cutters must be better equipped to sustain themselves 43, and they need more efficient means of in-theater logistics support to contend with the myriad challenges that otherwise will inhibit their operational readiness.

From its modest start as "a few armed vessels judiciously stationed at the entrances of our ports," the Coast Guard 44 a multilayered "trident of forces" with a global range of maritime security, law enforcement, and humanitarian assistance missions. From 2020 to the present, most of the major cutter fleet has deployed from the Atlantic and Pacific coasts to patrol the main narco-trafficking corridors off South and Central America. National security cutters (NSCs) also plied the Bering, Mediterranean, and Black Seas, 45 Oceania and the western Pacific (including two highly publicized transits through the Taiwan Strait).

- | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 41 (A) Furthermore | (B) But | (C) Hence | (D) So |
| 42 (A) what | (B) that | (C) which | (D) how |
| 43 (A) while deploying | (B) while deployed | (C) while employing | (D) while employed |
| 44 (A) revolved to | (B) has revolved to | (C) dissolved into | (D) has evolved into |
| 45 (A) both | (B) but | (C) as well as | (D) as well |

請依下文回答第 46 題至第 50 題

The arrival and check-in process for your cruise can seem overwhelming and chaotic, but it's generally organized. Your cruise line will send you information about when to arrive at the port, giving a several-hour "window," typically from late morning to mid-afternoon. You can show up at any time during that window. Generally speaking, the busiest time for boarding is between noon (when most cruise lines' regular check-in begins) and 2 p.m., so we recommend arriving just before or after that window. Bear in mind: If you arrive too early, you might have to wait around, especially if the passengers from the previous cruise are still disembarking. You also shouldn't cut it too close, understanding that if you arrive after check-in has ended, even by just a few minutes, you likely will not be allowed to board.

When you arrive at the cruise terminal, the first thing to do is locate your boarding documents (either mailed to you or printed out at home) and your identification (passport or driver's license and birth certificate), and keep them handy.

Upon entering the terminal, you'll need to show your cruise documents and go through a security line. You will need to pass through an x-ray machine and have your carry-ons scanned, but the process is not as rigorous as at the airport. (You likely won't need to remove your shoes, for example.) Then you'll enter a large open space with roped-off lines and check-in stations. Cruise line staff will be on hand to direct you to the correct line; suite passengers and high-status past-passengers will typically go into a shorter line or separate waiting area, while regular passengers join a main line.

- 46 Which of the following is closest to the meaning of the highlighted word "window" in the first paragraph?
 (A) interval (B) outing (C) portal (D) frame
- 47 What is the first thing to do upon arriving at the cruise terminal according to the passage?
 (A) Locating the seat position (B) Locating the boarding documents
 (C) Finding the luggage man (D) Passing through the x-ray machine
- 48 Which of the following statements is true according to the passage?
 (A) To get on board the ship as scheduled, everyone has to come between noon and 2 pm.
 (B) The busiest time for boarding is between late morning and mid-afternoon.
 (C) Passengers arrive before the check-in can go directly to the dining hall.
 (D) If the passenger arrives after the check-in has ended, he might be denied boarding.
- 49 Which of the following statements is NOT true, according to the passage?
 (A) Cruise line staff will help passengers to find the right line to go through.
 (B) The security check at the cruise terminal is not as rigorous as at the airport.
 (C) High-status past-passengers will go through the main line to show their privilege.
 (D) Boarding documents will be either mailed to you or you have to print them out at home.
- 50 What is the author's opinion concerning the boarding process, according to the passage?
 (A) Orderly (B) Resistable (C) Crushing (D) Disorganized